



Holistic Sustainability: Safe & Sustainable by Design

GreenDELTA

Dr. Jonas Hoffmann



Pre-Congress Seminar at the 60th
UEIL Annual Congress

GreenDelta background

- Founded by Dr. Andreas Ciroth in 2004, Berlin; now ~ 25 employees (engineers, developers etc)
- Business world-wide: sustainability research, product carbon footprinting, **life cycle assessments**, databases, software for life cycle assessments and sustainability, environmental product declaration

Sustainability consultancy and research
environmental LCAs, resource criticality, social LCAs, LCC



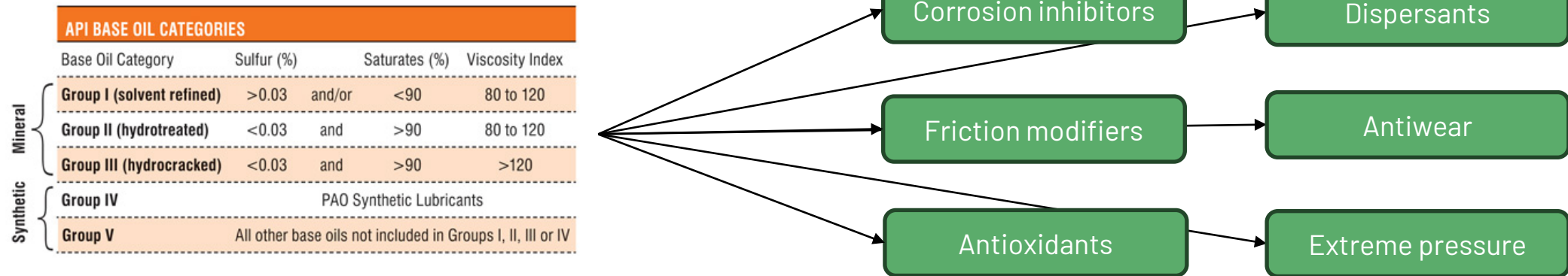
Database development
and distribution



Software development,
especially open source



COMPONENTS OF LUBRICANTS



What industry is facing:

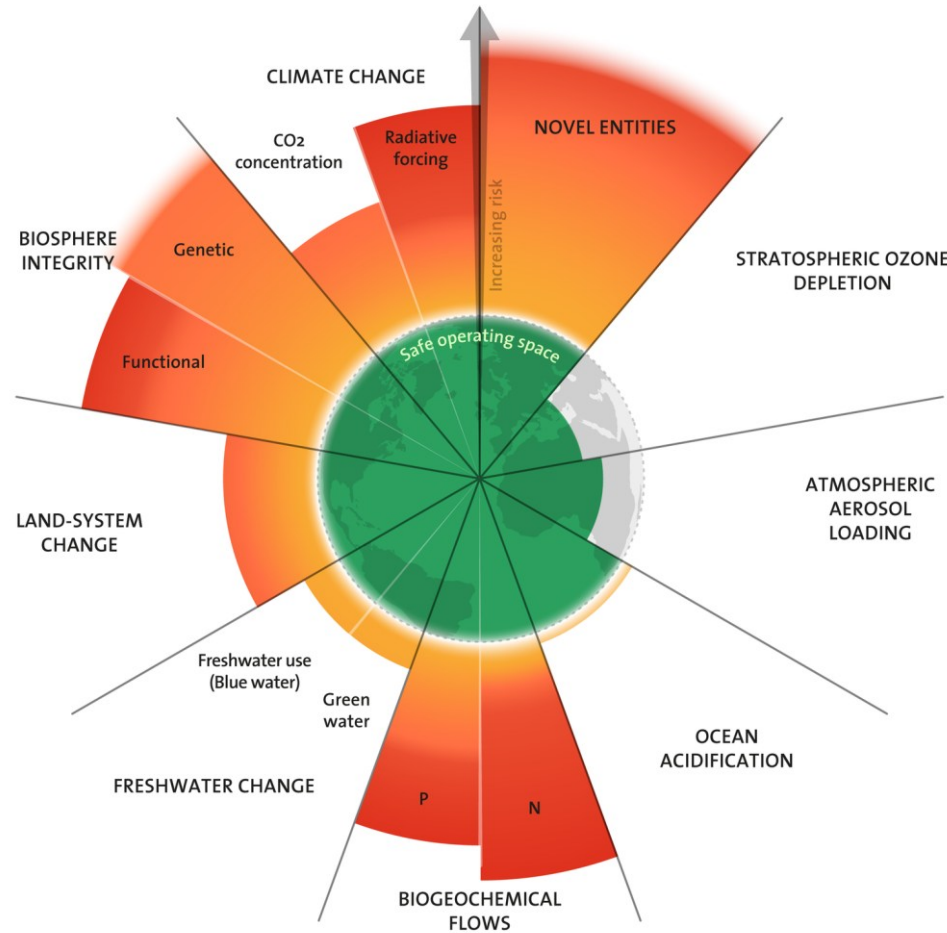


What costumers want:



Industry is in need for novel safe and sustainable solutions!

The planet is already at its limit

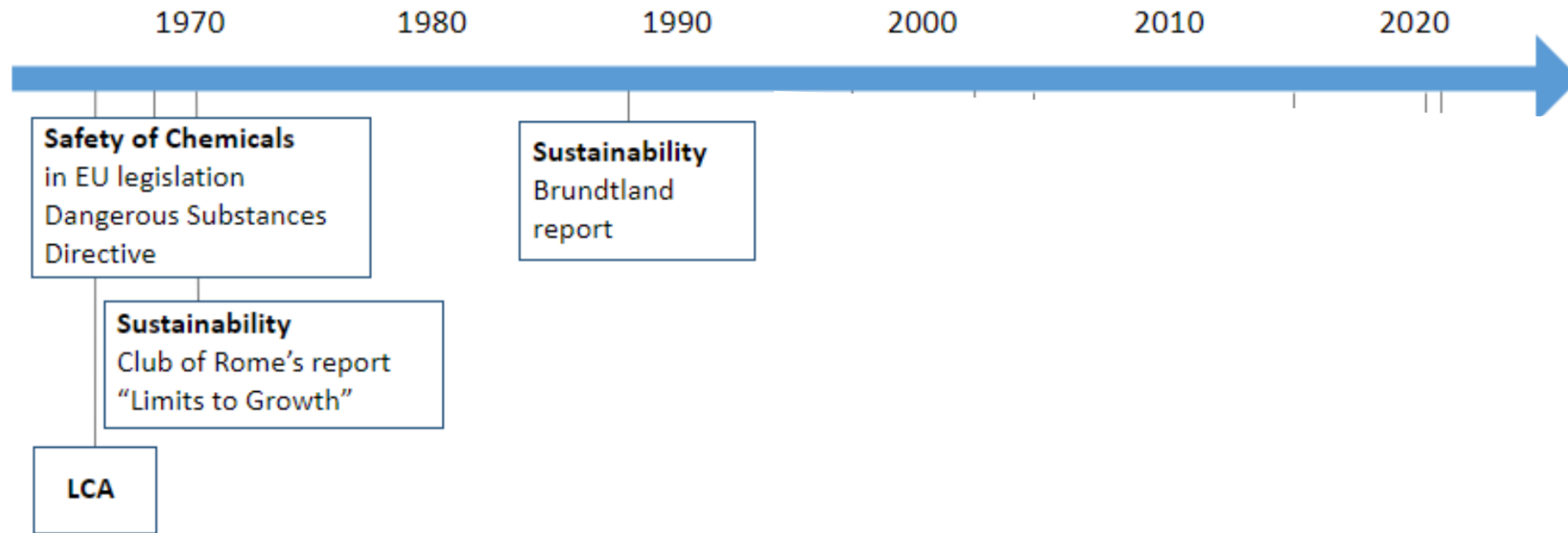


9 boundaries assessed,
7 crossed

*'With such an enormous percentage of untested chemicals being released to the environment, **a novel entities boundary** defined in this manner is **clearly breached.**'*

Sakschewski and Caesar et al. 2025, Rockström et al., *Sci. Adv.* **2023**, 9, DOI 10.1126/sciadv.adh2458.

So how to safely innovate chemicals?



*'The SSbD framework promotes such a **holistic approach** that integrates **safety and sustainability** of chemicals, materials, products and processes throughout their **entire life cycle** and **minimizes** their **environmental footprint**.'*

Caldeira C., Farcal R., Moretti C., Mancini L., Rasmussen K., Rauscher H., Riego Sintes J., Sala S. Safe and Sustainable by Design chemicals and materials - Review of safety and sustainability dimensions, aspects, methods, indicators, and tools. EUR 30991 EN, Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2022, ISBN 978-92-76-47560-6, doi:10.2760/879069, JRC127109

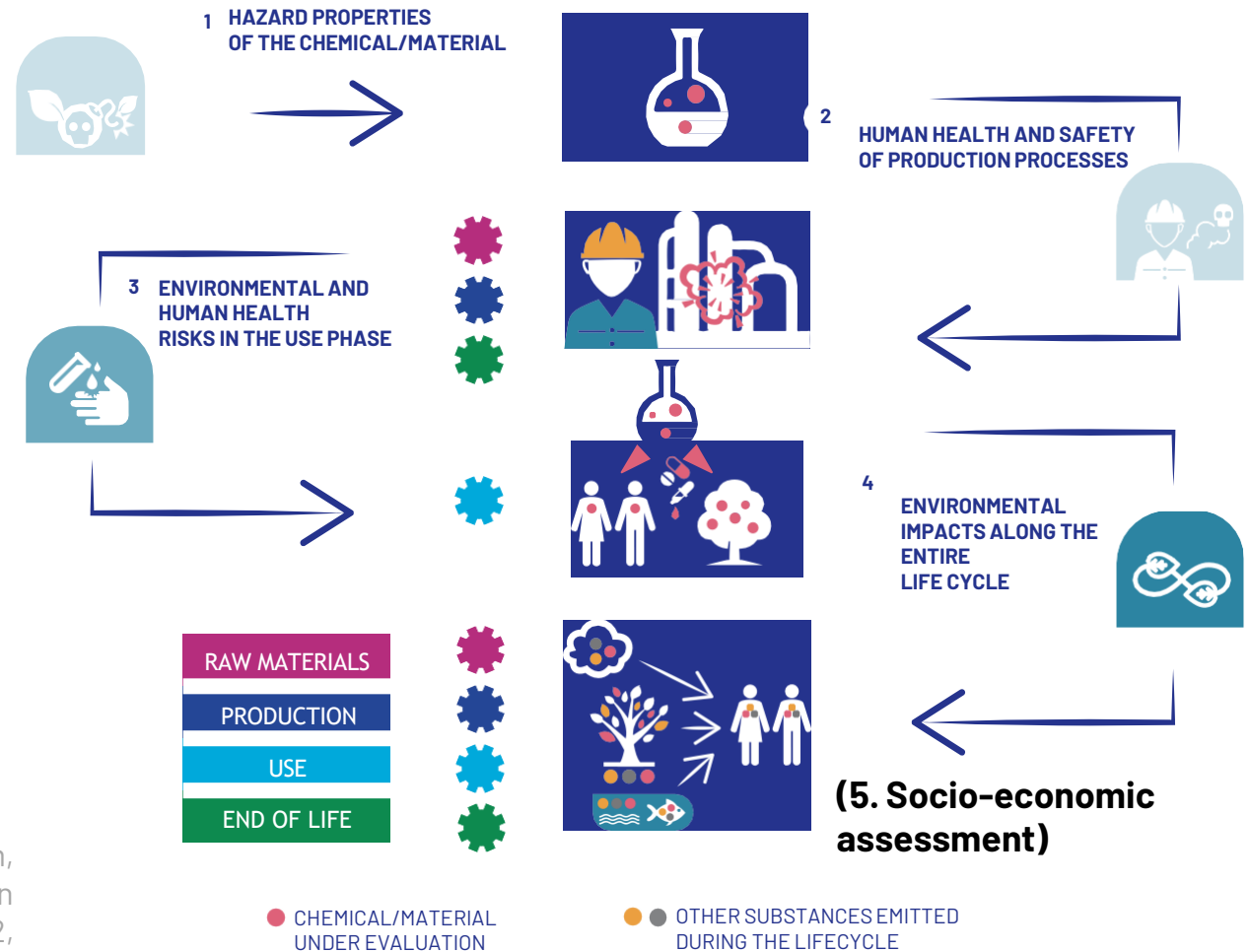
Safe and Sustainable by Design

Design principles:

- Green chemistry
- Green engineering
- Sustainable chemistry
- Circularity by design
- Benign by design

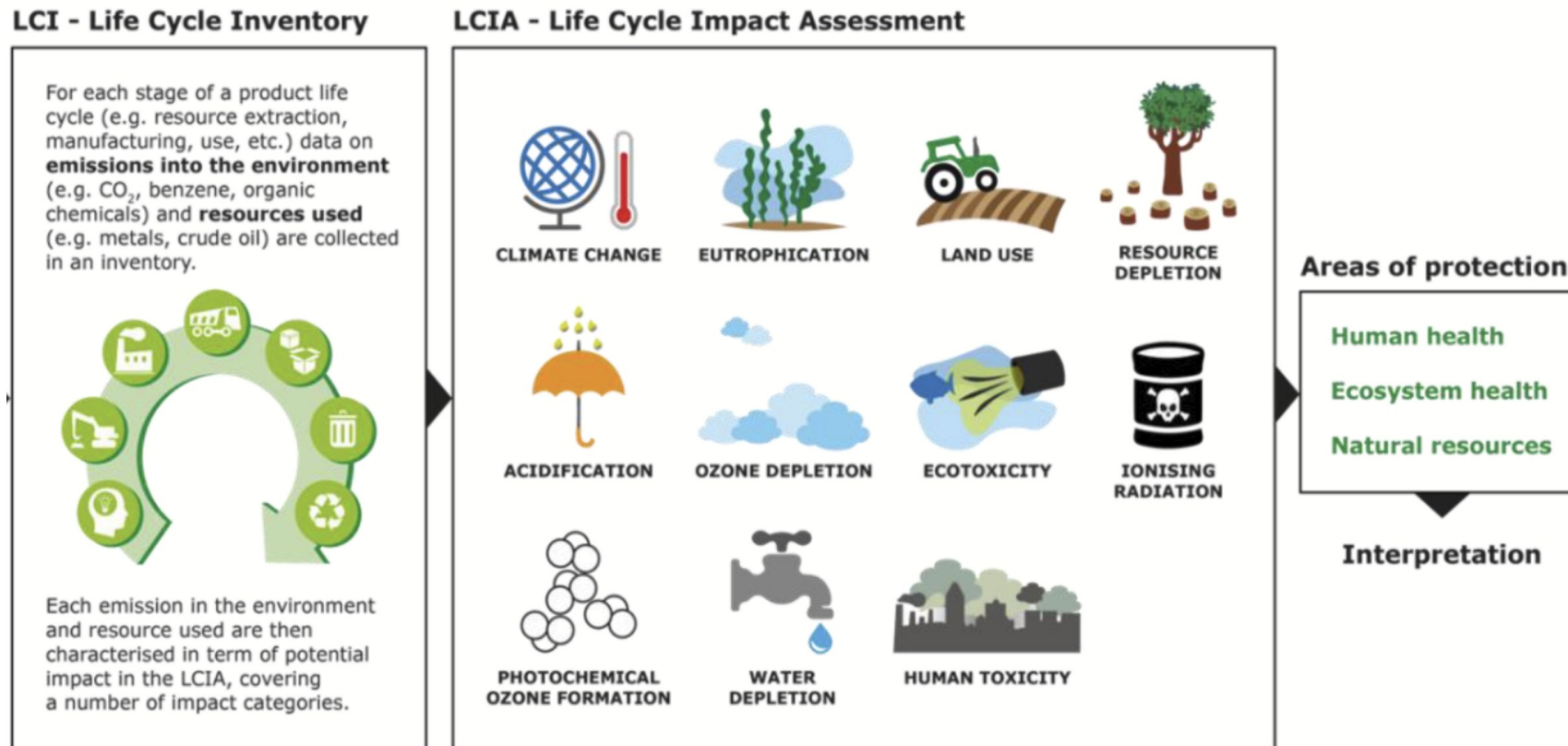


Safety and sustainability assessment

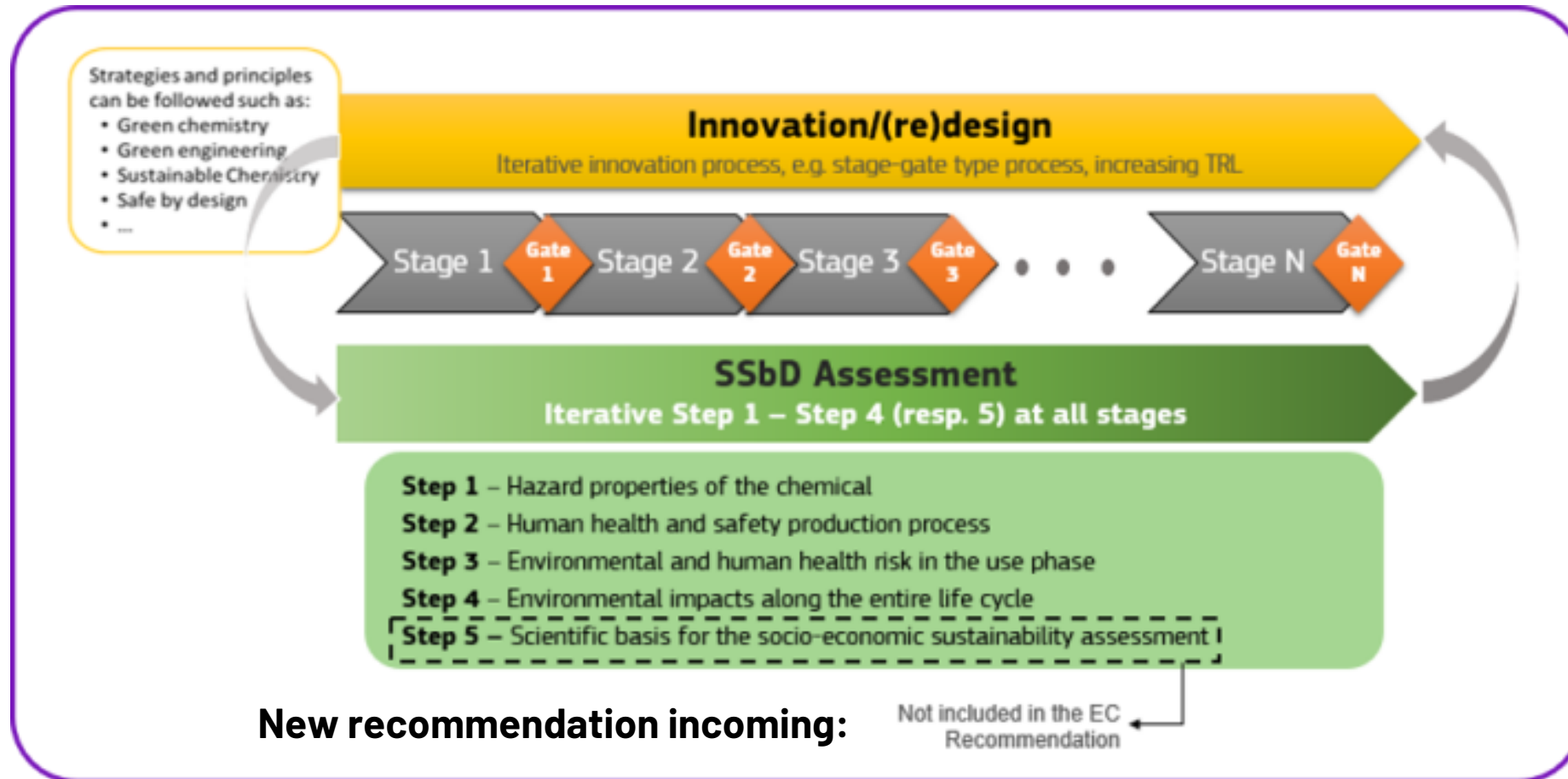


Life Cycle Assessment

Definition (DIN 14044): 'Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) is a compilation and evaluation of inputs, outputs and the potential environmental impacts of a product system through its life cycle.'



Safe and Sustainable by Design



SSbD Framework – Fit For Purpose?



SSbD framework was tested with industry on:

- A) Plasticizer
- B) Flame retardants
- C) Surfactants

Some outcome of the studies were (industry perspective):

- **Too complicated** exp. tests even for already known compounds
- **Too expensive** procedure and not fit for purpose

Industry is in need for SSbD simulation tools!

Caldeira, C., Garmendia Aguirre, I., Tosches, D., Mancini, L., Abbate, E., Farcal, R., Lipsa, D., Rasmussen, K., Rauscher, H., Riego Sintes, J. and Sala, S., Safe and Sustainable by Design chemicals and materials – Application of the SSbD framework to case studies, Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2023, doi:10.2760/329423, JRC131878.

THE PROJECT

SITOLUB - SIMULATION TOOLS FOR THE DESIGN OF SAFE
AND SUSTAINABLE LUBRICANTS

HORIZON Research and Innovation Action:
*Computational models for the development of
safe and sustainable by design chemicals and
materials*

Total cost: 6.23 Mio. €, 2024-2028

12 partners

5 EU countries

2 Associated countries

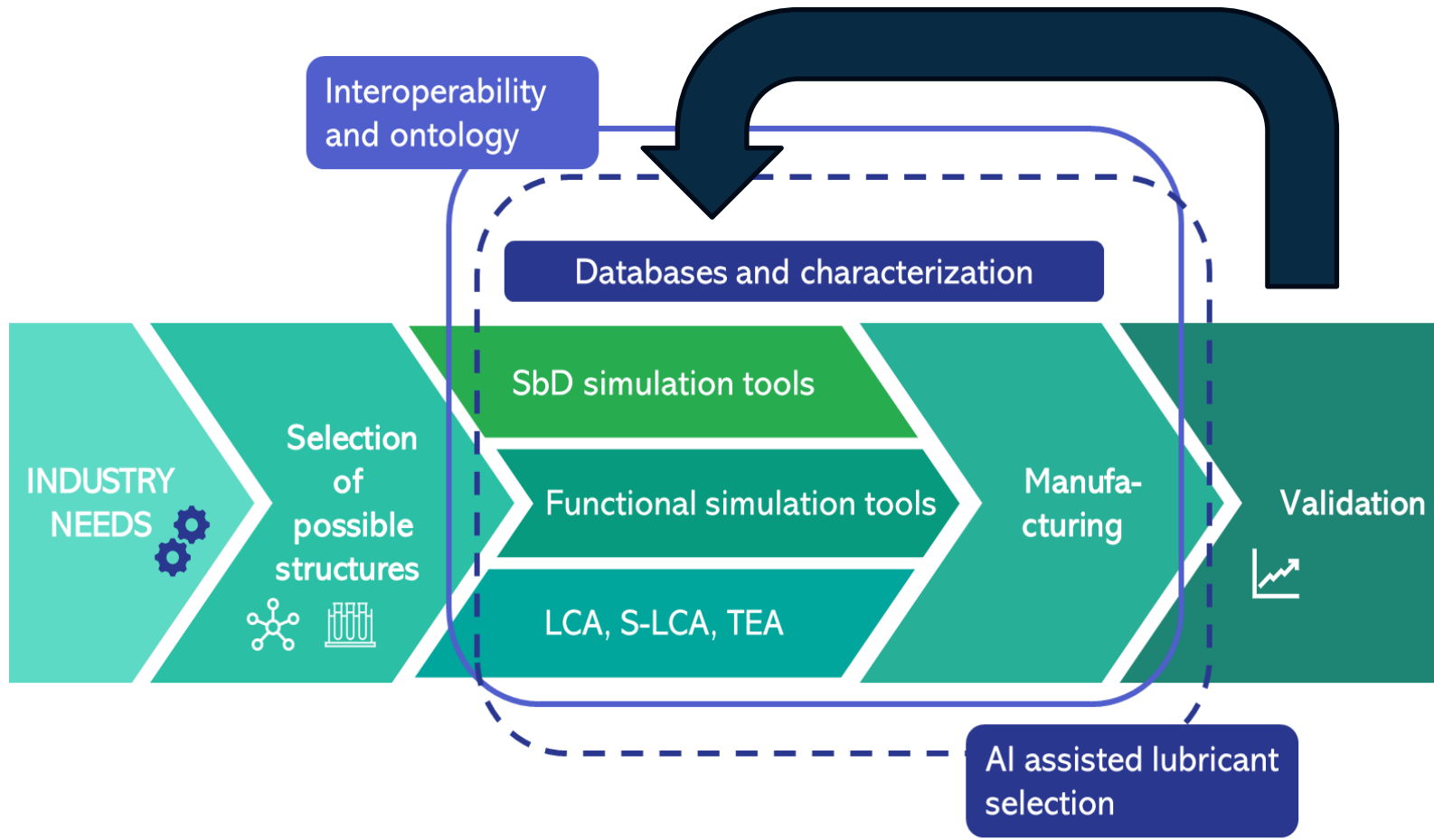


SITOLUB Use Cases

- 1. Metal-working fluids (chl. Paraffins)**
- 2. Antiwear Additives (PTFE-based)**
- 3. Corrosion Inhibitors (Benzotriazole)**



SITOLUB WORKING FLOW



SITOLUB SIMULATION APPROACH



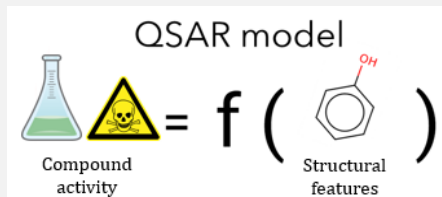
QSAR Simulation

Quantitative

Structural

Activity

Relationships

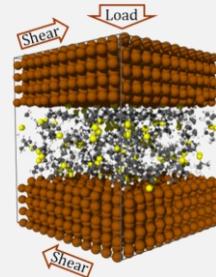


(Eco)Tox. & Biodegr.



Performance Sim.

- Evaluation for lubricants and their components
- Reactive MD simulation

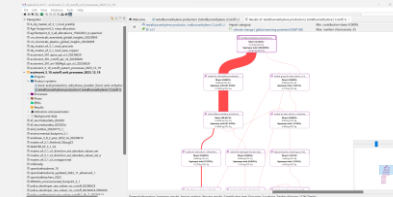


Performance

GreenDELTA

Sustainability Sim.

- Environmental Impacts
- Social Impacts
- Economical Costs

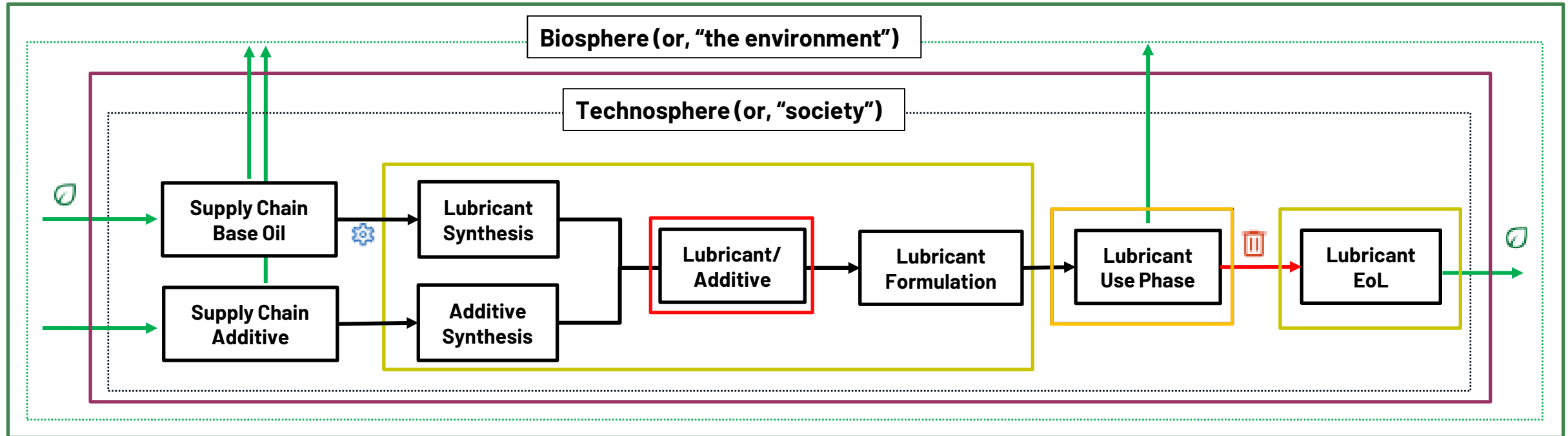


Sustainability

AI-supported lubricant selection and data synthesis



SITOLUB SSbD FRAMEWORK



SAFETY:

Hazard Assessment

Risk Assessment during Processing

Risk Assessment in Application

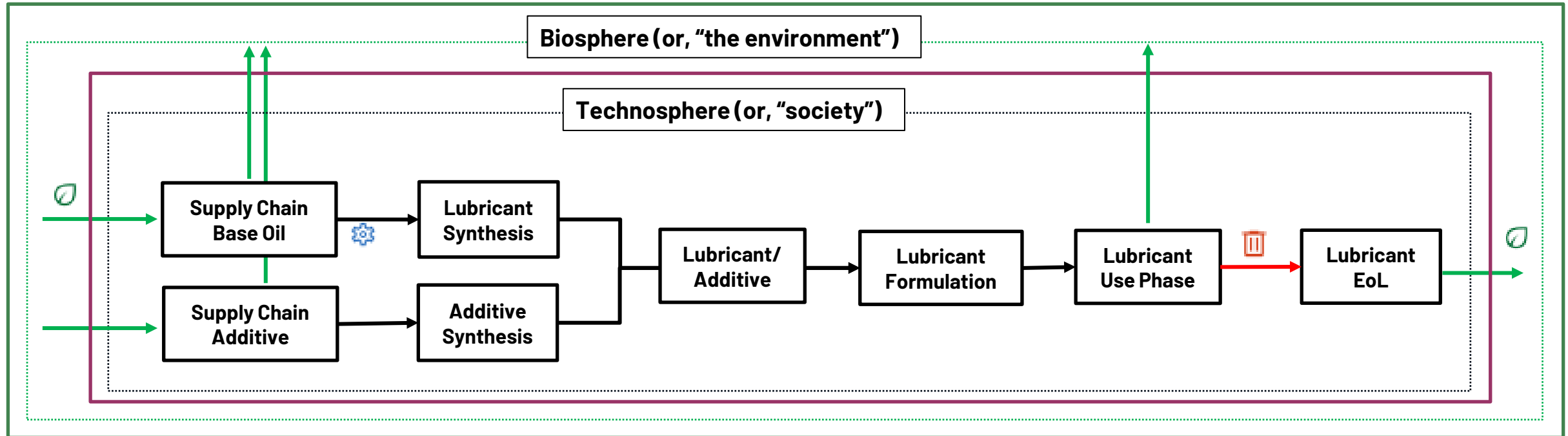
SUSTAINABILITY:

Performance Assessment

Environmental Impact Assessment

Socio-economic Assessment

SITOLUB SSbD FRAMEWORK



SAFETY:

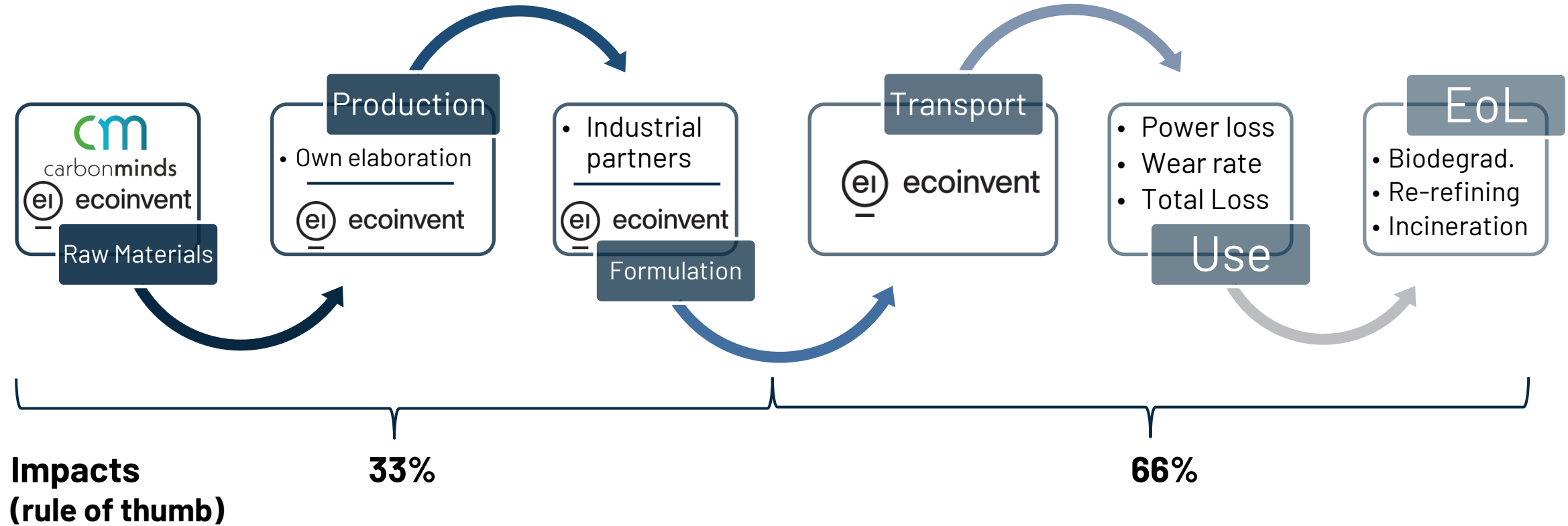
SUSTAINABILITY:

GreenDelta

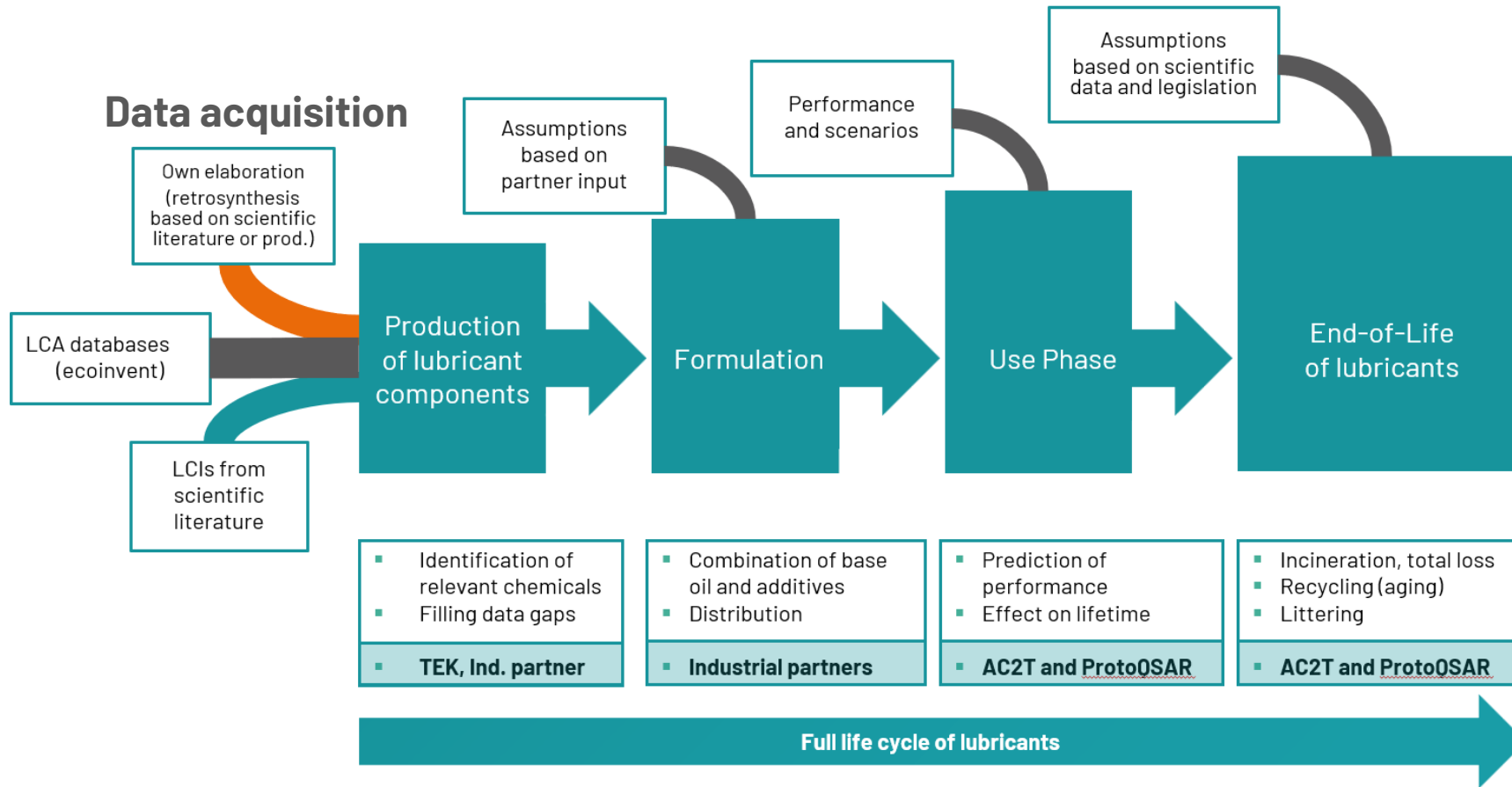
Environmental Impact Assessment

Socio-economic Assessment

The Challenge: Predict LCA for the entire life cycle



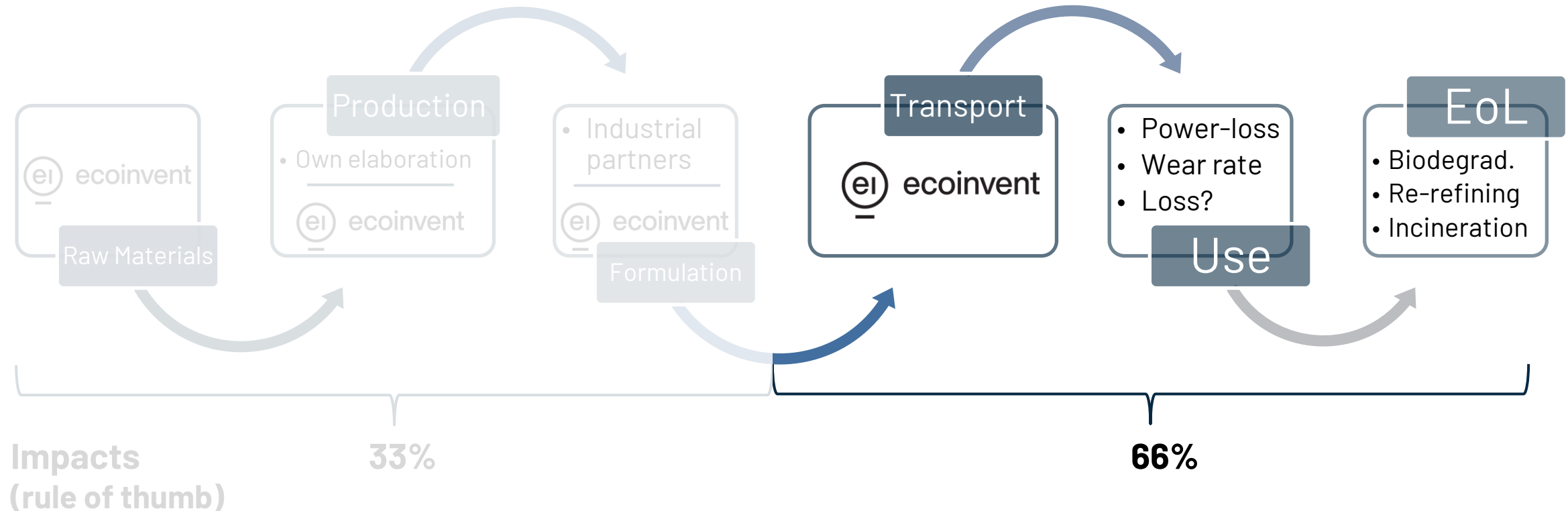
The Challenge: Predict LCA for the entire life cycle



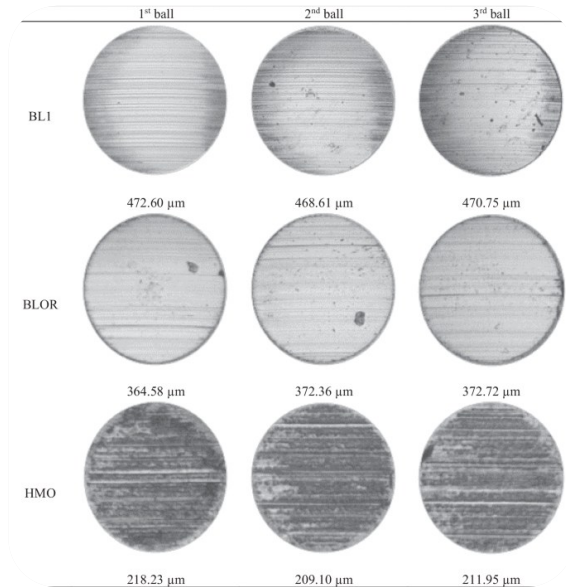
Various sources for LCIs and assumptions:

- Grey/White literature
- Background LCIs
- Expert knowledge
- Partner's input
- Other tools

The Challenge: Predict LCA for the entire life cycle



Use Phase: How to get 'performance' into LCA?



de Luna et al. *Biomass Conv. Bioref* **2023**



Products	Functional unit
Mineral oil Rapeseed oil	1 kg of oil
Mineral oil Synthetic ester Rapeseed oil	1 m ³ of hydraulic fluid
Mineral oil Soybean oil	Area of aluminium rolled
Mineral oil Rapeseed oil ester Palm oil ester Animal fat ester Used cooking oil ester	1000 work pieces produced
Mineral oil Rapeseed oil	Volume of oil used to cut 1000 m ³ of wood ^b

Cavallaro et al. *Environmental life-cycle assessment (LCA) of lubricants* **2013**
Biolubricants, 527–564.

**Wear protection
(life time)**

**Oxidative stability
(drainage intervals)**

**Power loss
(Performance FU)**

What has been done so far?

Use Phase:

Classical functional units for LCA of lubricants (n = 20, 1999-2024)

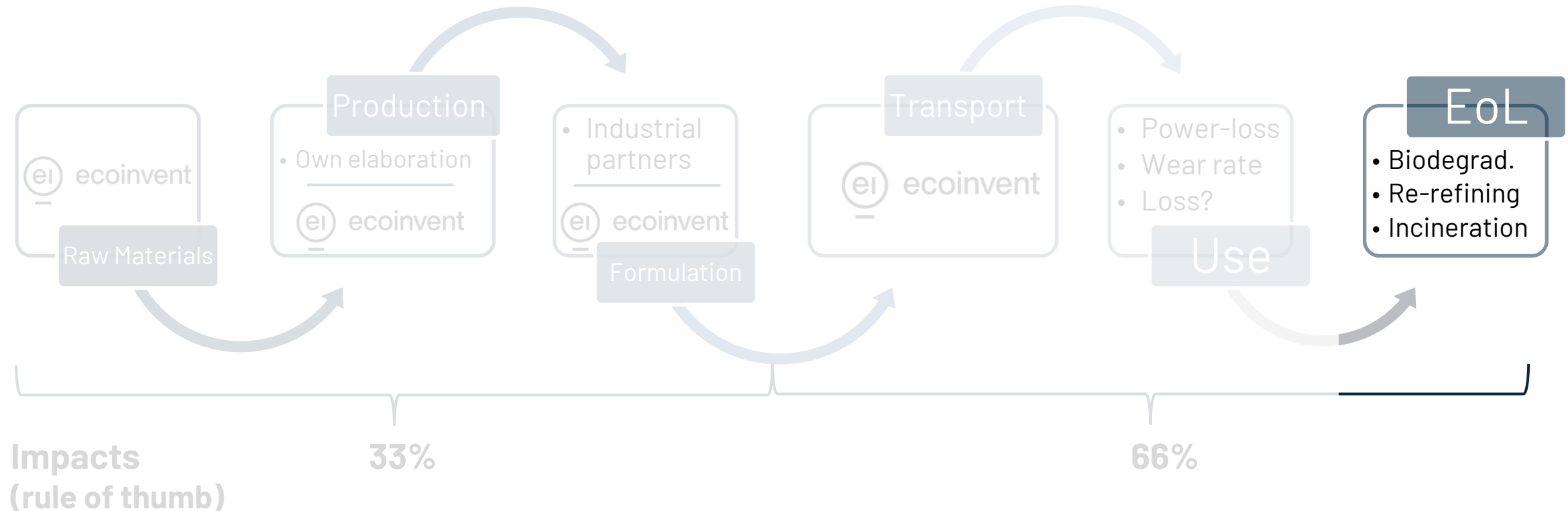
Year	functional unit	Scope	Application	Performance Assessed?
2012	1 kg of final product	Cradle-to-Gate	Base oil and fully formulated engine oil	per kilogram of product and per kilogram adjusted to the lifetime
2013	1 kg of oil	Cradle-to-Gate	Chainsaw oil	Lubricant consumption
2018	400 holes	Cradle-to-Gate	Drilling	Reduced power consumption

Integration of the **performance** into the **functional unit**:

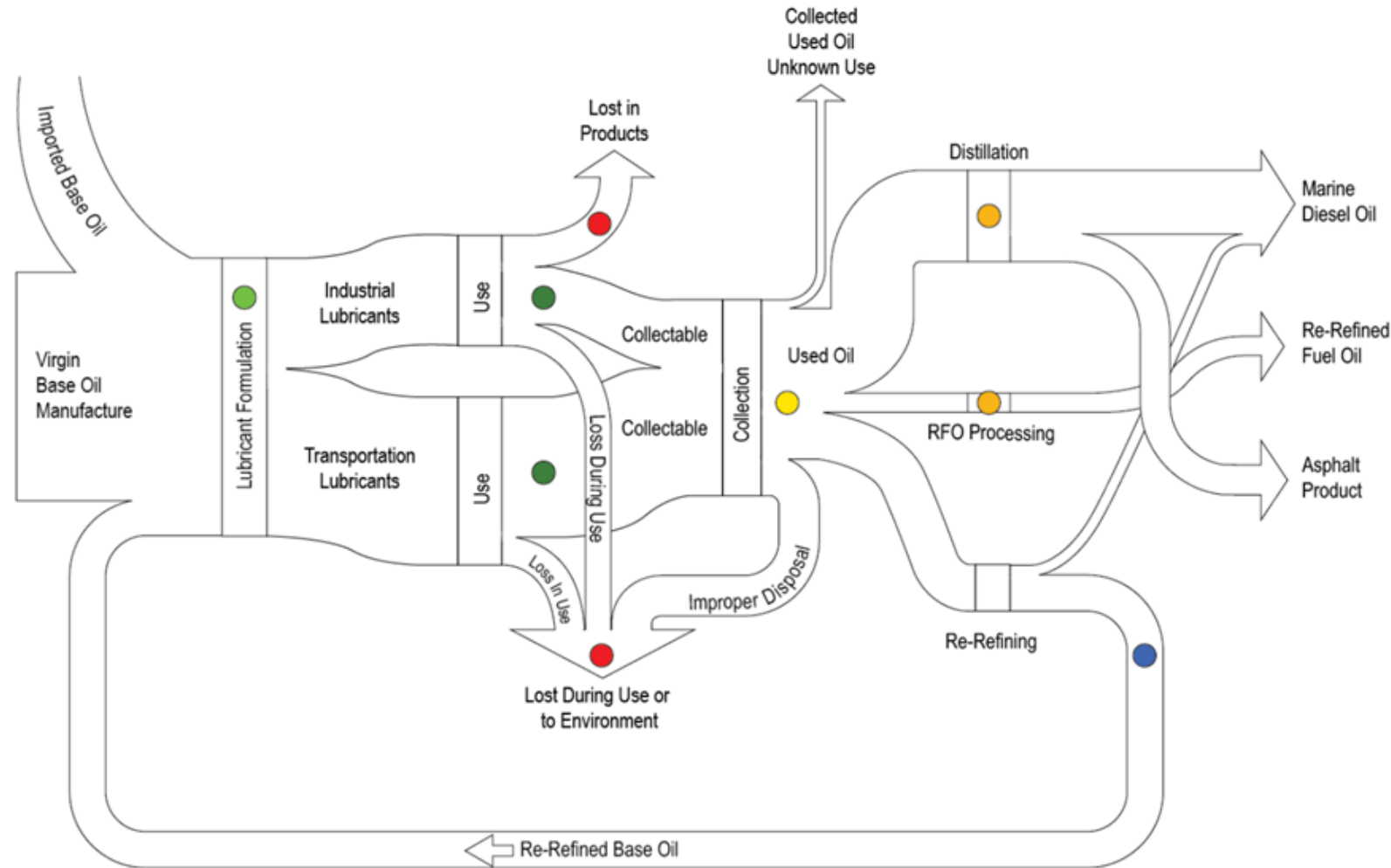
- A. The **consumption** of the lubricant itself → **hard to simulate** (fixed lubrication)
- B. **Adjustment** of the **lifetime** of the function (kilometre-adjusted) → **Wear**
- C. By taking the **reduction of power consumption** (here pumping) → **Power loss**

We are developing multiple functional units to align with the specific needs of various application scenarios

The Challenge: Predict LCA for the entire life cycle

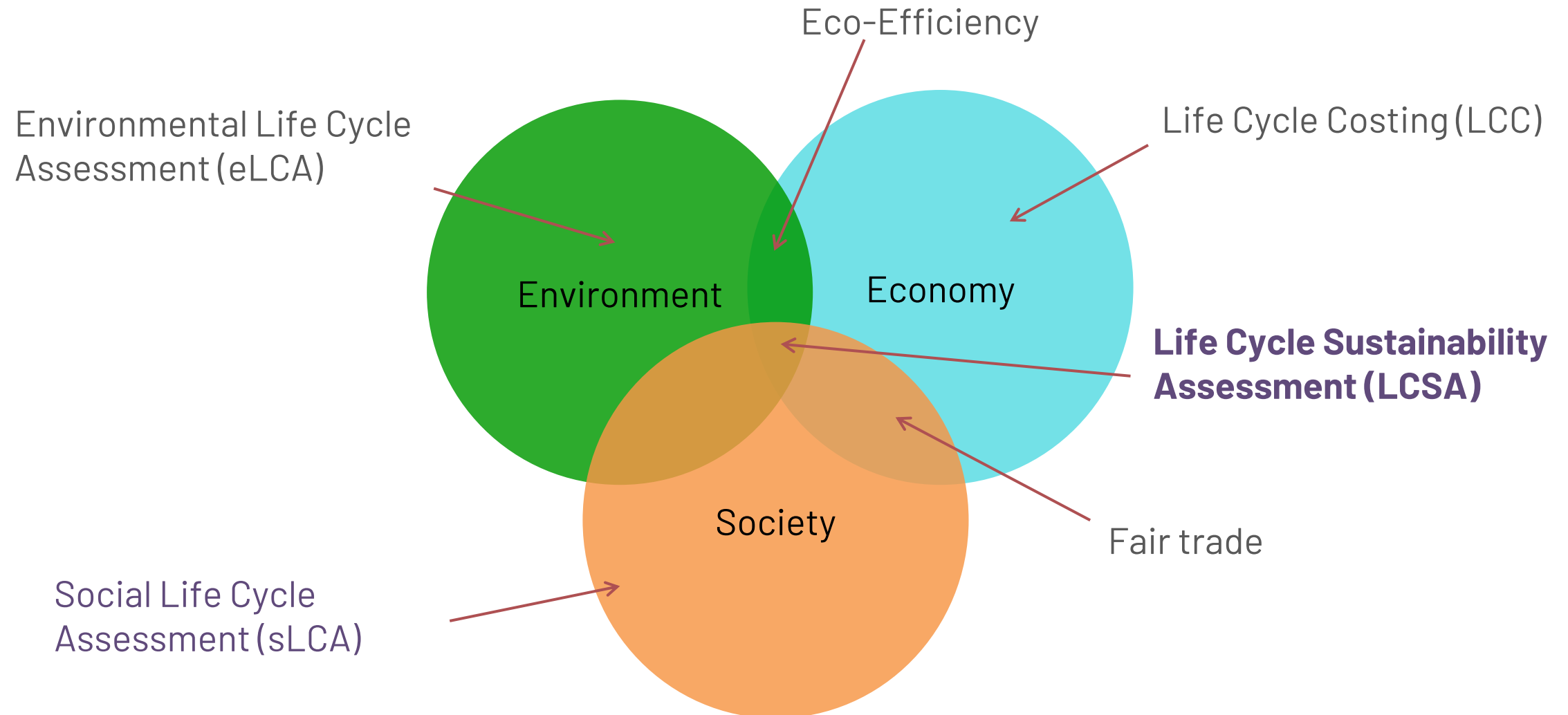


End-of-Life of lubricants (here base oils)



*Used Oil Management and Beneficial Reuse Options to Address Section 1: Energy Savings from Lubricating Oil Public Law 115-345, Report to Congress, **2020**, Washington.*

More than LCA → life cycle sustainability assessment



Socioeconomic assessment (SSbD)

Economic dimension:

- **Life Cycle Costing (LCC)**
 - Compares cost across life cycle
 - including **internal** (materials, labour, energy) and **societal** costs (environmental and social externalities)
- **Criticality Assessment (CRM)**
 - Flags presence of **CRMs** in supply chain
 - Lithium, cobalt and rare earth elements

Social dimension:

- **Social LCA is a technique to assesses social/socio-economic aspects and impacts**
- **Various stakeholder and social indicators**

Stakeholder categories	Impact categories	Subcategories	Inv. indicators	Inventory data
Workers	Human rights			
Local community	Working conditions			
Society	Health and safety			
Consumers	Cultural heritage			
Value chain actors	Governance			
	Socio-economic repercussions			

- **Data can be derived from databases (PSILCA)**

Conclusion

- SSbD is a **voluntary pre-market** approach developed by the JRC
- It focuses on **safety, environmental and socioeconomic** dimensions
 - All chemical innovations should be safe than sustainable
- To assess the sustainability, the **whole life cycle** has to be assessed
 - This is in particular important for lubricants (Use/EoL phase)
- By **simulating the whole SSbD cycle**, time/money can be saved
 - Please consider following our research project SiToLub
- Feel free to talk with me about LCA and SSbD. Let's discuss!

Thank you!

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Annex

Simulation Example

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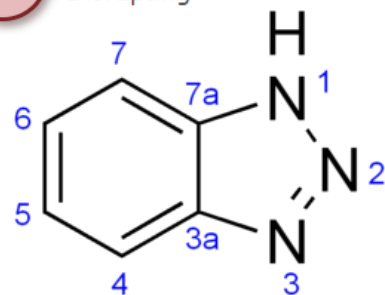
Properties of concern



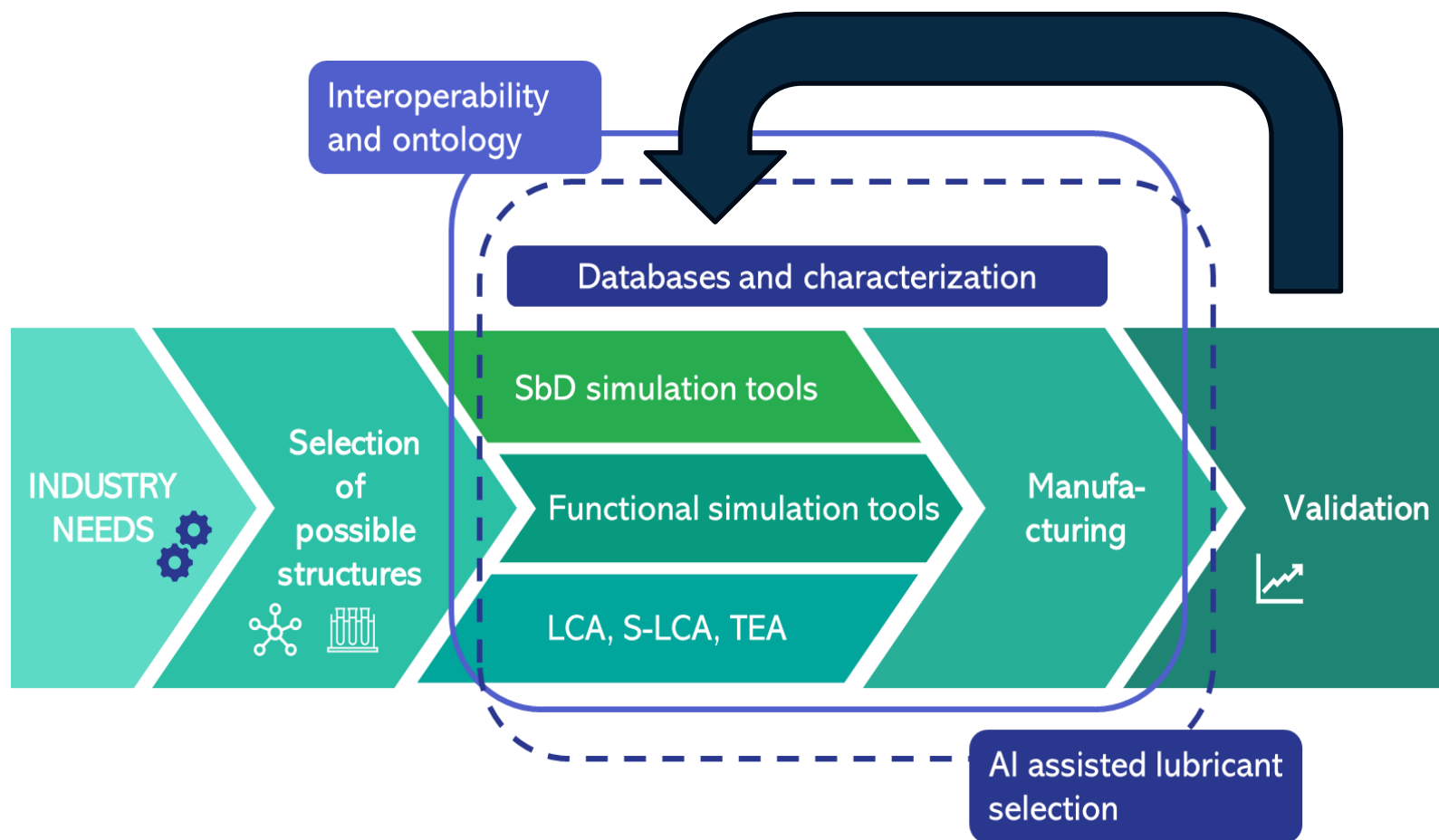
Under assessment as Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic



Under assessment as Endocrine Disrupting

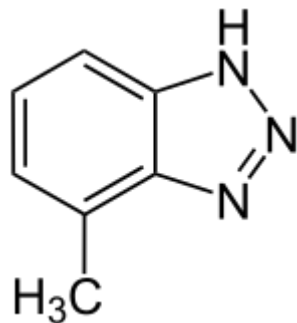


benzotriazole



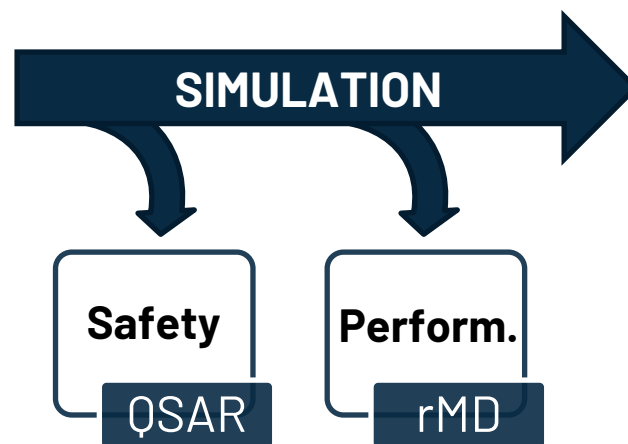
The Challenge: Predict LCA for the entire life cycle

Platform – Input

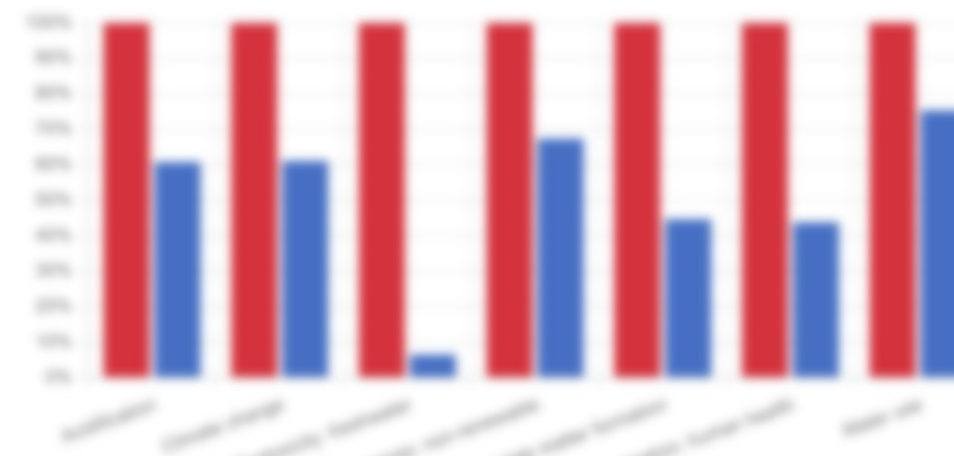


n1c2ccccc2[nH]n1

**SMILES CODE
(or CAS)**

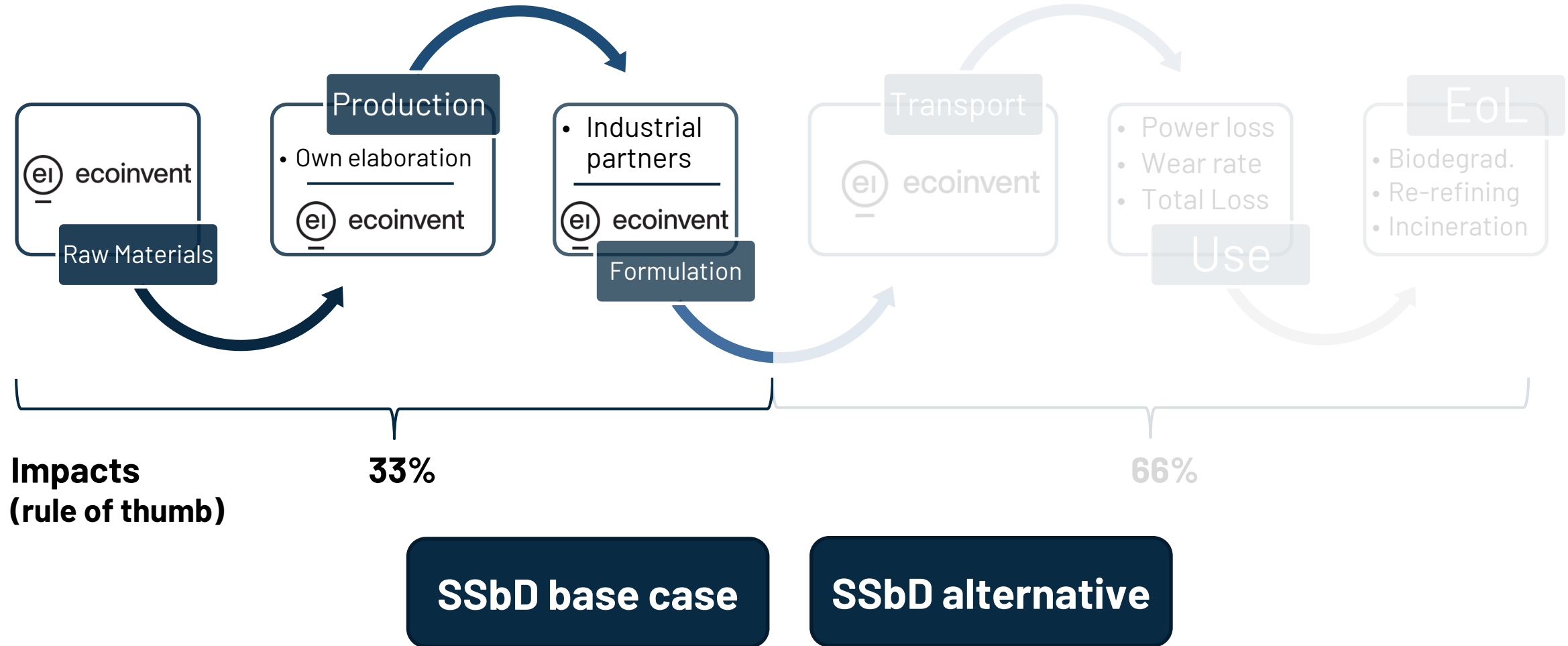


Platform – Output

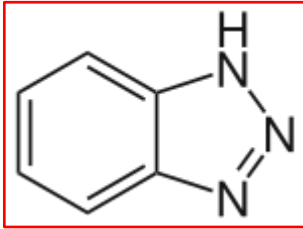


**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS
Cradle-to-Grave**

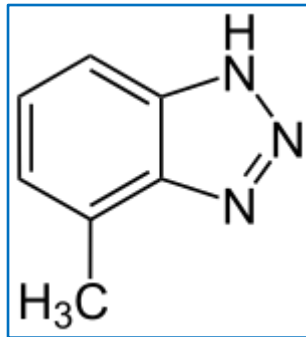
The Challenge: Predict LCA for the entire life cycle



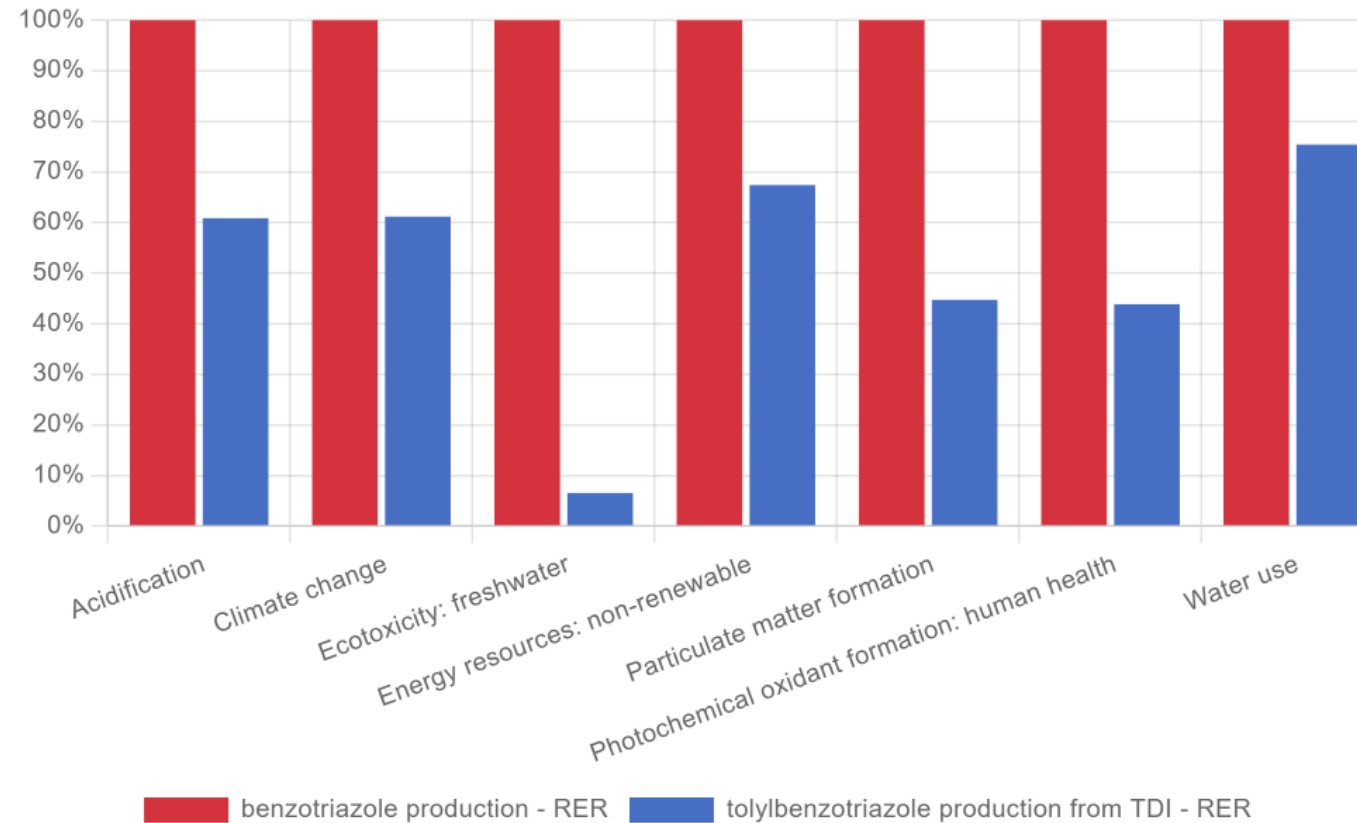
Raw Material Extraction and Production: The case of tolyltriazole (cradle-to-gate)



SSbD base case



SSbD alternative



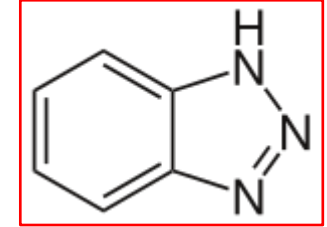
cradle-to-gate, referenced to 1 mol of product, ecoinvent 3.11, EF 3.1 LCIA

Main challenges and what's next?

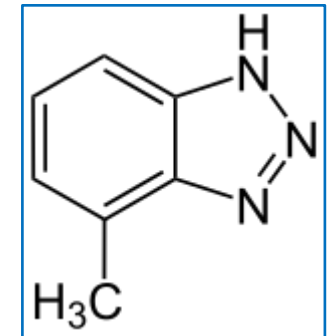
- **SiToLub** simulates and integrates **safety, sustainability** and **performance**
- Accelerate the update of **SSbD** into **early development** phase **with tools**
- Deriving impacts from **SMILES** through **scenarios**
- Production phase from **existing data** and **retrosynthesis**
- **Use** phase should **not be overlooked** in **SSbD (case-by-case FU)**
- End-of-Life might be predicted (EWC codes, **biodegradability, re-refining**)

Future development:

- Integration of **data quality (MCS)** and **prospective LCA**
- Progress of the **socio-economic assessment** (Step 5, SSbD)



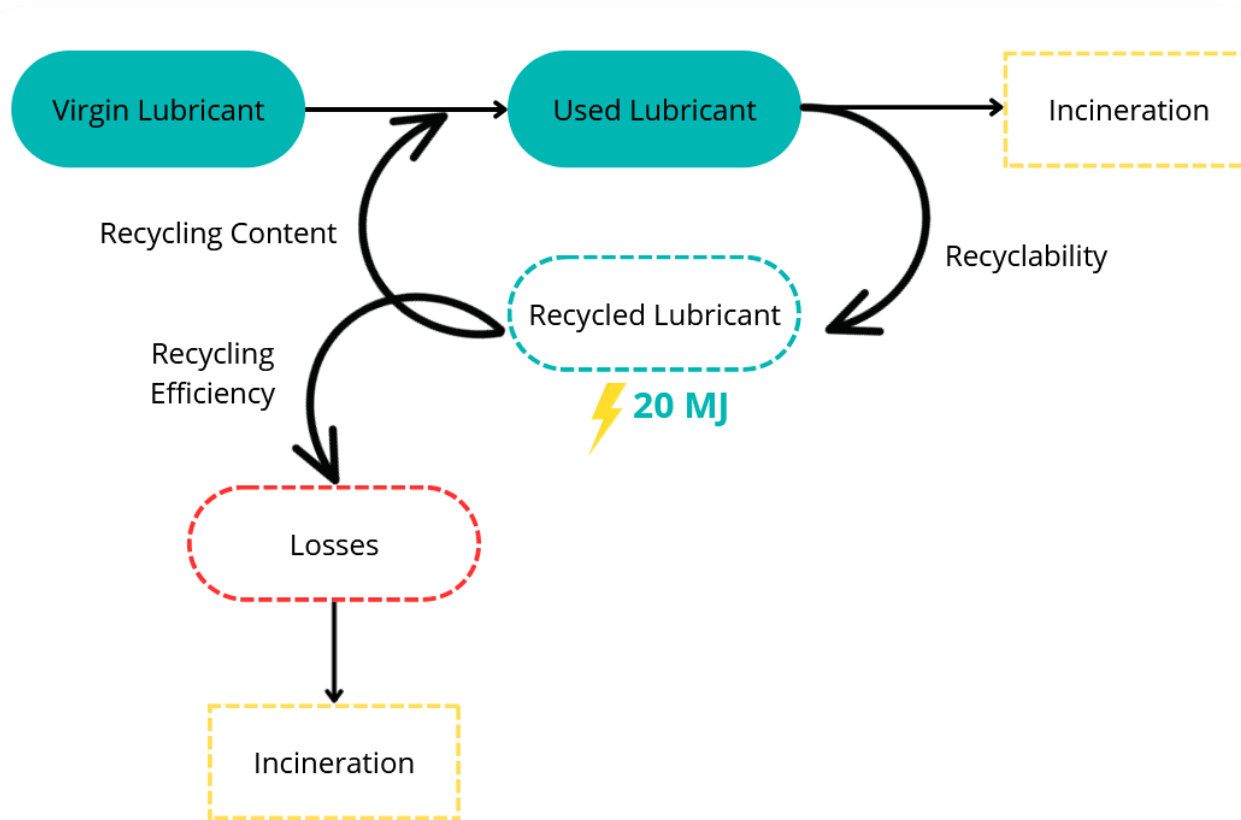
SSbD base case



SSbD alternative

End-of-Life:

How to simulate EoL of lubricants?



*Used Oil Management and Beneficial Reuse Options to Address Section 1: Energy Savings from Lubricating Oil Public Law 115-345, Report to Congress, **2020**, Washing.*

EoL of lubricants is quite diverse:

- Re-refining, loss, littering and incineration
- To **predict the EoL** of lubricants and their components, we will use **EWC and simul.:**
 - User information or **AI** selection
 - Thermo-oxidative stability (**rMD**)
 - Biodegradability (**QSAR**, simplified)

SSbD scoring

Evaluation system

Position to target	Score	Color code	
>Target + 50%	0		Fail the criteria
>Target; <Target + 50%	1		
>Target - 25%; <Target	2		Pass the criteria
>Target - 50%; <Target -25%	3		
<Target – 50%	4		

Example of a summary table of the evaluation of step 4

<u>LCA Assessment level</u>	Aspect	Score
Toxicity	Human Toxicity cancer	3
	Human Toxicity non cancer	2
	Ecotoxicity	1
Climate Change	Climate Change	3
Pollution	Ozone depletion	4
	Particulate matter/Respiratory inorganics	2
	Ionising radiation, human health	2
	Photochemical ozone formation	1
	Acidification	0
	Eutrophication, terrestrial	4
	Eutrophication, aquatic freshwater	3
	Eutrophication, aquatic marine	2
Resources	Land Use	4
	Water use	2
	Resource use, minerals and metals	2
	Resource use, energy carriers	2