Greendelta

sustainability consulting + software

Data quality in Social LCA studies

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SETAC Nantes, May 26, 2016

Data quality in Social LCA studies

- 1. Data quality in Social LCA
- 2. Data quality in a Social LCA database, PSILCA
- 3. A case study
- 4. Outlook

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1 Data quality in Social LCA

Data Quality in Social LCA

(From the not-so-long history of Social LCA method development and studies it is well known that:)

- Information for social LCA is often taken from many different sources
- Social LCA data can change more quickly than data for environmental LCA (change in management, different company policy, ...)
- Social data is often inherently subjective → triangulation as a tool to deal with different and conflicting sources

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- Social LCA data can change more quickly than data for environmental LCA (change in management, different company policy, ...)
- Social data is often inherently subjective → triangulation as a tool to deal with different and conflicting sources
- \rightarrow NEED for data quality assessment in social LCA

One Proposal for Data Quality in Social LCA: Adaptation of the pedigree matrix

Originally Weidema & Wesnaes 1996 for LCA, adapted by Ciroth & Franze 2014

Score	1	2	3	4	5
Indicator	1	2	5	4	
Reliability of the source(s)	Statistical study, or verified data from primary data collection from several sources	Verified data from primary data collection from one single source or non- verified data from primary sources, or data from recognized secondary sources	Non-verified data partly based on assumptions or data from non-recognized sources	Qualified estimate (e.g. by expert)	Non-qualified estimate or unknown origin
Completeness conformance	Complete data for country-specific sector/ country	Representative selection of country- specific sector / country	Non-representative selection, low bias	Non-representative selection, unknown bias	Single data point / completeness unknown
Temporal conformance	Less than 1 year of difference to the time period of the dataset	Less than 2 years of difference to the time period of the dataset	Less than 3 years of difference to the time period of the dataset	Less than 5 years of difference to the time period of the dataset	Age of data unknown or data with more than 5 years of difference to the time period of the dataset
Geographical conformance	Data from same geography (country)	Country with similar conditions or average of countries with slightly different conditions	Average of countries with different conditions, geography under study included, with large share, or country with slightly different conditions	Average of countries with different conditions, geography under study included, with small share, or not included	Data from unknown o distinctly different regions
Further technical conformance	Data from same technology (sector)	Data from similar sector, e.g. within the same sector hierarchy, or average of sectors with similar technology	Data from slightly different sector, or average of different sectors, sector under study included, with large share	Average of different sectors, sector under study included, with small share, or not included	Data with unknown technology / sector or from distinctly different sector

Score	1	2	3	4	5
Indicator	1	2		Ŧ	J
Reliability of the source(s)	Statistical study, or verified data from primary data collection from several sources	Verified data from primary data collection from one single source or non- verified data from primary sources, or data from recognized secondary sources	Non-verified data partly based on assumptions or data from non-recognized sources	Qualified estimate (e.g. by expert)	Non-qualified estimate or unknown origin
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Geographical conformance	Data from same geography (country)	Country with similar conditions or average of countries with slightly different conditions	Average of countries with different conditions, geography under study included, with large share, or country with slightly different conditions	Average of countries with different conditions, geography under study included, with small share, or not included	Data from unknown or distinctly different regions
Further technical conformance	Data from same technology (sector)	Data from similar sector, e.g. within the same sector hierarchy, or average of sectors with similar technology	Data from slightly different sector, or average of different sectors, sector under study included, with large share	Average of different sectors, sector under study included, with small share, or not included	Data with unknown technology / sector or from distinctly different sector

2 Data Quality in a Social LCA database

Data Quality in a Social LCA Database



(comprehensive database for social LCA, transparent, for 196 countries, > 50 indicators, almost 16,000 sectors, reference year 2013, created by GreenDelta 2013-2016, released beginning of 2016)

..contains a data quality (DQ) assessment

- DQ is assessed for every "elementary flow" in the database (i.e., social aspect)
- On each process alone, all indicators have a data quality assessment result, in the five dimensions of the pedigree matrix

Data Quality in a Social LCA Database

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Data Quality in a Social LCA Database

 On each process alone, all indicators have a data quality assessment result, in the five dimensions of the pedigree matrix

GreenDelta	A. Ciroth, F. Eisfeldt, M. Srocka: Data quality in Social LCA studies, SETAC Na	~ <mark>.</mark>
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•	Social assessment					
	Name Raw value	Risk level	Activity variable	Data quality	Comment	Source
	v E Society					
	Contribution to economic					
		a	0.011087183017	00000	Data from: 2012	C un rece and
	Illiteracy rate, male 0.716610000000					
	Illiteracy rate, total 0.844319999999		0.011087183017			UNESCO 201
	Public expenditure on e 6.2 [% of GDP]	Medium risk	0.011087183017	(21:41:1)	Data from: 2010	World Bank
		Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2,2,2,2,1)	Data from: 2012	UNESCO 201
			0.011087183017			UNESCO 201
	Illiteracy rate, female 0.964460000000					
	Youth illiteracy rate, ma 0.333839999999		0.011087183017			UNESCO 201
	Youth illiteracy rate, fer: 0.353049999999	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2:2:3:3:1)	Data from: 2012	UNESCO 201
	Health and Safety (Society)					
	Health expenditure, pul 82.5 [% of total]	Very low risk	0.011087183017		Data from: 2012	
	Health expenditure, out 9.9 [% of total]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2;1;3;1;1)	Data from: 2012	World Bank
	Health expenditure, ext	No data	0.011087183017			
	Health expenditure, tot 9.4 [% of GDP]	Medium risk	0.011087183017	(24-34-1)	Data from: 2012	World Bank
	Workers	incolorin hak		the rank to the	Cold Hollin Collen	ap from bolk in
	Freedom of association and					
	Right of Collective barc 3.0 [Score]	No risk	0.011087183017	(2:3:4:1:4)	Data from: 2011	ICTWSS 2013
	2. Right of Association 3.0 [Score]	No risk	0.011087183017		Data from: 2011	CTWSS 2013
	Trade union density 25.82072814453	High risk	0.011087183017			ILOstat 2014
	Right to Strike 3.0 [Score]	No risk	0.011087183017	(2;3;4;1;4)	Data from: 2011	40 ICTWSS 2013
	v 📒 Child labour					
	Children in employmer 0.0 [% of male c	No risk	0.011087183017	(4:2:1:1:n.a.)	Data from: 2014	Eisfeldt, F. 20
	Children in employmer 0.0 [% of femal		0.011087183017			Eisfeldt, F. 20
	🚢 Children in employmer 0.0 (% of childr	No risk	0.011087183017	(4;1;1;1;4)	Data from 2014	World Bank
	Health and Safety (Workers					
	DALYs due to indoor an 0.879252302207	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2:1:5:1:4)	Data from: 2004	WHO 2009:
			0.011087183017		Data from: 2014	
	Rate of non-fatal accide 25.34 [#/yr and		0.011087183017			ILOstat 2014
	Rate of fatal accidents a 0.05 [#/yr and 1		0.011087183017			11 ILOstat 2014:
	Presence of sufficient s 7.677161254296	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2:4:1:2:2)	Data from: 2014	USDOL 2013:
	V Forced Labour	· ·				
	Frequency of forced lat 1.5 [%]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	0.100.00	D	ILO 2012: For
	Trafficking in persons 1.0 [Tier]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2;1;1;1;4)	Data from: 2014	W U.S. Depart
	Goods produced by for	No data	0.011087183017			
	Discrimination					
		Very birth rick	0.011087183017	(2-1-2-1-0)	Mean value of s	11 II Octat 2014
	V Fair Salary	rely ingit tak	0.011001100011	64 64 67 C	mean raide of all	appreciate cons
	Living wage, per month 872.5 [USD]	High risk	0.011087183017		Calculated with	
	Sector average wage, p. 4554.594900092	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2;2;2;1;1)	Risk level referri	ILOstat 2014
	Minimum wage, per m 1655.0 (USD)	High risk	0.011087183017	(2:1:41:2)	Data scope: cou	Quandi 2010
	V H Working time					
	Weekly hours of work p 38.557 [h]	Medium risk	0.011087183017		Data from: 2013	(C) + 0 + 1 + 0 + 1
		medium risk	0.01106/165017	(4)((4)((0))	Data from: 2015	lige indistant 2014
	Social benefits, legal issues					
	Social security expendit 14.5675 [% of G	Medium risk	0.011087183017	(2;1;5;1;4)	Mean value ove	🛄 ILO 2015: So
	Evidence of violations c 3.817865044168	Medium risk	0.011087183017	(2:1:1:5:2)	Data from: 2015	USDOL 2015
	V Local Community					
	Safe and healthy living con					
	Drinking water coverag 100.0 [%]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2;2;3;1;1)		IMP 2012: Dr
	Pollution level of the cc 35.9 [Index]	Low risk	0.011087183017	(3:3:2:1:1)	Data from: 2014	Numbeo 201
	Sanitation coverage 100.0 [%]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2-2-3-1-1)	Data from: 2012	IMP 2012: I
	Access to material resource					
		Low risk	0.011007103017		D	C FLO 2014 W
	Level of industrial wate 2.914965986394		0.011087183017		Data from: 2010	
	Level of industrial wate 32.89 [% of total]	High risk	0.011087183017		Data from: 2007	
	Extraction of ores 0.0036 [t/cap]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(21:41:1)	Data from: 2011	SERI/ WU Vie
	Extraction of biomass (r 694.3065 [t/km ²]	High risk	0.011087183017			SERI/ WU Vie
	Extraction of biomass (i 2.6988 [t/cap]	Low risk	0.011087183017			D SERI/ WU Vie
	Extraction of fossil fuels 3.4283 [t/cap]	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2;n.a.;4;1;1)	Data from: 2011	C SERI/ WU Vie
	Certified environmenta 15.04110859378	Low risk	0.011087183017	(2;1;2;1;2)	normalised wit	(I) ISO 2013: CE
	Extraction of industrial 4.355 [t/cap]	Low risk	0.011087183017			D SERI/ WU Vie
	Migration			and the second second		
	International migrant v. 4.703819617457		0.011087183017		Data from: 2002	
	International Migrant S 12.39245146984	High risk	0.011087183017		Data from: 2013	
	Net migration rate 2.56 [%]	Low risk	0.011087183017	(2:1:1:1:n.a.)	Data from: 2014	World Factb
	Respect of indigenous righ					
		A deadlorner state	0.011007103077	(22.42.2)	Data ((1) Million dia 20
	Presence of indigenous 1.0 [Y/N]	Medium risk	0.011087183017			Wikipedia 20
	Human rights issues fa: 3.0 [Score]	Medium risk	0.011087183017	(3(1)1(1))	Ratification of L.	🛄 ILO 1989: Ind
	Local Employment					
	Unemployment rate in 7.5 [%]	Low risk	0.011087183017	(2:1:2:1:1)	Data from: 2013	ILOstat 2015
	Value Chain Actors			and rate to 12	2.222	
	Fair Competition					
	Presence of anti-comp 0.023677979479	Very low risk	0.011087183017	(2;2;5;1;2)	Value is extrapol	



Presence of anti-comp: 0.023677979479... Very low risk 0.011087183017... (2;2;5;1;2) Value is extrapol.

V Fair Competition

Overall distribution of DQ Assessment results in the PSILCA database, currently

Column				Data				
1 [6]	0	1		2			3	4 5
2 [6]	0		1		2		3	4 5
3 [6]	0	1	2	3	4		5	
4 [6]	0			1			2 3	4 5
5 [6]	0			1	2	3	4	5

• Overall ca. 4,500,000 entries

1 Source

2 Completeness

3 Time

4 Geography

5 Further technology

Overall distribution of DQ Assessment results in the PSILCA database, excerpt

Excel, only top values amount > 0.005, incomplete screenshot

	Source	Completeness	Time	Geography	Further technology
GreenDeLTa					
GIECHDELIA					

E.g. Advertising in the UK; DALYS due to indoor and outdoor air pollution

Elow Flow DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and water pollution; v v

Contribution Process	Amount
✓ 100.00% Advertising - GB	5.14893E-13
> 38.40% Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations - GB	1.97728E-13
> 36.34% Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations - GB	1.87103E-13
> 05.03% Banking - GB	2.59238E-14
> 03.44% Wholesale of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap - GB	1.77145E-14
> 02.99% Building societies - GB	1.54159E-14
> 02.12% Gambling and betting activities - GB	1.09400E-14
> 01.60% Wholesale of household goods - GB	8.24569E-15
> 01.53% Wholesale of computers, office machinery and equipment, mining, construction an	7.87085E-15
> 01.45% Wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco - GB	7.46049E-15
> 01.41% Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy - GB	7.25723E-15
> 01.15% Freight transport by road - GB	5.90328E-15
> 01.06% Business and management consultancy activities - GB	5.46097E-15
> 01.03% Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities n.e.c G	B 5.31419E-15
> 00.69% Sale of motor vehicles - GB	3.57239E-15

Subcategory Workers

E.g. Advertising in the UK; data quality index "reliability of the source", indoor and outdoor air pollution

Contribution	Proces	5	Amount
✓ 100.00%		Advertising - GB	1.85988E-11
> 23.91%	-	Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations - GB	4.44624E-12
> 22.68%	-	Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations - GB	4.21739E-12
> 13.52%		Wholesale of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap - GB	2.51525E-12
> 06.28%	100 C	Wholesale of household goods - GB	1.16778E-12
> 05.99%		Wholesale of computers, office machinery and equipment, mining, construction and civil	1.11467E-12
> 05.68%		Wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco - GB	1.05621E-12
> 04.11%	1	Banking - GB	7.64171E-13
> 03.18%	1	Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities n.e.c GB	5.91086E-13
> 03.14%	1	Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy - GB	5.83760E-1
> 02.44%	1	Building societies - GB	4.54659E-1
> 02.38%	1	Freight transport by road - GB	4.42992E-13
> 01.45%		Software consultancy and supply - GB	2.69028E-1
> 01.28%		Gambling and betting activities - GB	2.37227E-1
> 00.89%		Business and management consultancy activities - GB	1.64730E-1
> 00.67%		Other business activities n.e.c GB	1.24612E-1
> 00.59%		Sale of motor vehicles - GB	1.10273E-1
> 00.40%		Manufacture of tobacco products - GB	7.39341E-14

Subcategory Workers

Contribution	Process		Amount
✓ 100.00%		Advertising - GB	5.14893E-13
> 38.40%		Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations - GB	1.97728E-13
> 36.34%	_	Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations - GB	1.87103E-13
> 05.03%	1.1	Banking - GB	2.59238E-14
> 03.44%	1	Wholesale of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap - GB	1.77145E-14
> 02.99%	1.1	Building societies - GB	1.54159E-14
> 02.12%	1.1	Gambling and betting activities - GB	1.09400E-14
> 01.60%		Wholesale of household goods - GB	8.24569E-15
> 01.53%		Wholesale of computers, office machinery and equipment, mining, construction an	7.87085E-15
> 01.45%		Wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco - GB	7.46049E-15
> 01.41%		Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy - GB	7.25723E-15
> 01.15%		Freight transport by road - GB	5.90328E-15
> 01.06%		Business and management consultancy activities - GB	5.46097E-15
> 01.03%		Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities n.e.c GB	5.31419E-15
> 00.69%		Sale of motor vehicles - GB	3.57239E-15

Result

● Flow Flow DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and water pollution; v 🗸

Contribution	Process		Amount
✓ 100.00%		Advertising - GB	1.85988E-11
> 23.91%	-	Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations - GB	4.44624E-12
> 22.68%	-	Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations - GB	4.21739E-12
> 13.52%		Wholesale of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap - GB	2.51525E-12
> 06.28%	1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Wholesale of household goods - GB	1.16778E-12
> 05.99%	1.00	Wholesale of computers, office machinery and equipment, mining, construction and civil	1.11467E-12
> 05.68%	1.00	Wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco - GB	1.05621E-12
> 04.11%	1 - C	Banking - GB	7.64171E-13
> 03.18%	1.00	Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities n.e.c GB	5.91086E-13
> 03.14%	1.00	Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy - GB	5.83760E-13
> 02.44%	1	Building societies - GB	4.54659E-13
> 02.38%	1	Freight transport by road - GB	4.42992E-13
> 01.45%		Software consultancy and supply - GB	2.69028E-13
> 01.28%		Gambling and betting activities - GB	2.37227E-13
> 00.89%		Business and management consultancy activities - GB	1.64730E-13
> 00.67%		Other business activities n.e.c GB	1.24612E-13
> 00.59%		Sale of motor vehicles - GB	1.10273E-13
> 00.40%		Manufacture of tobacco products - GB	7.39341E-14

Data quality: reliability of the source

Contribution	Process	
✓ 100.00%	Advertising - GB	Result
> 38.40%	 Manufacture of perfumes and to 	oilet preparations - GB
> 36.34%	Manufacture of pharmaceutical	preparations - GB
> 05.03%	Banking - GB	

		Data quality:					
Contribution	Process	reliability of the					
✓ 100.00%		Advertising - GB					
> 23.91%	-	Manufacture of perfumes and toilet preparations - GBSOURCE					
> 22.68%	-	Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations - GB					
> 13.52%	-	Wholesale of non-agricultural intermediate products, waste and scrap - GB					
> 06.28%	1 - C C C C C C C C	Wholesale of household goods - GB					
> 05.99%	1	Wholesale of computers, office machinery and equipment, mining, construct on and civil					
> 05.68%	•	Wholesale of food, beverages and tobacco - GB					
> 04.11%	1	Banking - GB					
N3 18%	1	Activities of travel agencies and tour operators: tourist assistance activities n.e.c GR					

How the calculation results are obtained

- So far, quite simple. Data quality indicators (DQIs) simply taken and aggregated, per DQI
- Not yet merged with results (to obtain relative results e.g.)
- Planned but not yet implemented: overlay of different results

3 Case study

Case study

- Latex, Malaysia (mentioned in abstract) case study delayed → results later
- Instead: refactoring of "classic" notebook study (Ciroth, Franze 2011: LCA of an ecolabelled notebook computer)
- Idea: for the foreground system, data quality is better <u>and</u> relevance is higher



Case study, notebook life cycle



GreenDelta A. Ciroth, F. Eisfeldt, M. Srocka: Data quality in Social LCA studies, SETAC Nantes 2016



GreenDelta A. Ciroth, F. Eisfeldt, M. Srocka: Data quality in Social LCA studies, SETAC Nantes 2016

Case study, notebook data quality

Social assessment

Name	Raw value	Risk level	Activity variable		Data quality	Comment	Source
🗸 🔚 Workers							
🗸 📒 Fair Salary							
📫 Sector average wage, per month	196.95 - 227.25 [USD]	High risk	1.6269573686413064 [h, V	Vorking	(2;1;2;1;1)		💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🚢 Living wage, per month	Minimum wage does no	t living Low risk	1.6269573686413064 [h, V	Vorking	(2;1;2;2;n.a.)		💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
📇 Minimum wage, per month	139.38 [USD]	Very high risk	1.6269573686413064 [h, V	Vorking	(2;1;1;1;2)	China has no uniform minimum.	💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🗸 📒 Social benefits, legal issues							
📫 Social security expenditures	6 [% of GDP]	High risk	1.6269573686413064 [h, V	Vorking	(2;2;2;2;1)	China invests around 6% of GDP	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
✓ Forced Labour							
📇 Goods produced by forced labour	LC3				(2;1;2;1;1)		. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
Frequency of forced labour			/		(2;1;2;1;1)		. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
Trafficking in persons	Minimum wage, per mo	nth		king	(2;1;2;1;1)	So called labour camps are wide	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🗸 📙 Health and Safety (Workers)	winning wage, per mo	inai					
📫 DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and wat	Raw value	139.38	USI	king	(2;1;2;1;1)	China has a DALY rate of 16, whi	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
📇 Workers affected by natural disasters	Raw value	139.38	03	king	(2;1;2;1;2)	data from PSILCA	💷 EM-DAT 2015: Natural disasters
Discrimination	Activity variable (Working hours)	1.6269573686413064	h				
🚢 Gender wage gap	······, ······, ······,			king	(2;1;2;1;1)	Ratio of salary of women to wag	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🗸 📙 Child labour	Risk level	Very high risk	~				
🚢 Children in employment, male				king	(2;1;2;1;1)	There are no official statistics ab	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🚢 Children in employment, total	Source	Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA	of an Ecolabeled Notebook 🗙	king	(2;1;2;1;1)		. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🚢 Children in employment, female				king	(2;1;2;1;1)	There are no official statistics ab	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
Local Community	Comment	China has no uniform minimu					
🗸 📒 Migration		municipalities, and autonomo are allowed to set their own m					
🚢 International Migrant Stock		wage in Dongguang (level 2 of		king	(2;1;2;1;n.a.)	data from PSILCA	💷 UN-DESA 2013: International
📇 International migrant workers in the sector		CNY. This minimum wage doe		king	(2;3;2;1;1)	"Similar to other companies in t	💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🚢 Net migration rate		that many workers are forced t		king	(2;1;2;1;1)	-0.3 migrants/1,000 inhabitants i	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
🗸 📒 Value Chain Actors			\$				
🗸 📙 Fair Competition	Data quality		1 2 3 4 5				
🚢 Presence of anti-competitive behaviour or vio		Reliability of the source(s)		king	(2;2;2;1;1)	Lite-On was sued by reason of b	. 💷 Ciroth, Franze, 2011: LCA of a
		-					
		Completeness conformance					
		Temporal conformance					
		remporar conformance					
		Geographical conformance					
		Geographical conformance					
		Further technical conformance					
			OK Cancel	1			
			Cuncer	- I I			
	1						

Case study, notebook data quality

- Issue (as always in hybrid studies): link database to foreground system. Indicators slightly different, PSILCA database has more indicators → 30 ca. remain
- Data quality for your foreground system is typically better (and should be)



Case study, notebook data quality, temporal conformance, non-fatal accidents



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Case study, notebook data quality, indicator value, non-fatal accidents



GreenDelta A. Ciroth, F. Eisfeldt, M. Srocka: Data quality in Social LCA studies, SETAC Nantes 2016

4 Outlook

Results

Data quality indicators following a pedigree matrix have been integrated into the PSILCA social LCA database

Information on

- reliability of the source,
- completeness,
- temporal,
- geographical,
- and technological conformance

is thus available for all processes in a life cycle, for all social indicators per process.

Results

This can be used to

- understand the data quality of the life cycle model and the overall "stability" of the result
- identify weaknesses and hotspots for data quality in the life cycle to make modeling more efficient

Outlook

- Display of data quality information over the life cycle will be made available in openLCA
- (exact way not yet fully determined; feedback welcome)
- One step towards better data quality management, and to better support decision making, with the two extremes:
 - additional data collection or modeling required,
- or
- safe to take a decision based on the results

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Merci!

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